

IN THIS ISSUE:

The Qualitative Investment Review Process	1
Allowable Plan Expenses: Can the Plan Pay?	1
Timely Transmittal of Employee Contributions	2
401(k) Market Intelligence: How Does Your Plan Compare?	2
Communication Corner	2

The Qualitative Investment Review Process

As you are aware, RPAG's proprietary ScorecardSM System includes both quantitative and qualitative metrics to evaluate fund managers and their investment strategies. Beyond our ScorecardSM System, RPAG's CFA-led Investment Research group meets regularly with portfolio managers and analysts to ascertain if the portfolio analytics (the quantitative analysis) are supported by the people, process and philosophy (the qualitative analysis). Our qualitative analysis helps explain, and in many cases support, the quantitative analysis. It may also conclude that a deeper level of research is needed to explain the contradictions and/or anomalies found in the data. The qualitative review process is structured in its approach and designed to identify the factors that will ultimately drive future investment performance, including:

1. **People** – experienced team with ability to manage both philosophy and process;
2. **Process** – clearly defined and consistently applied. The implementation of a strategy may be just as, if not, more important than the ideas and research supporting it; and
3. **Philosophy** – the research and ideas must be coherent and persuasive with a strong rationale supporting past results and future performance expectations.

Our Investment Research group monitors fund scores in order to determine which investment managers require immediate due diligence reviews. In many cases, the fund's score will dictate the type of conversation we have with the managers and lead us to ask the more probing questions to help us to determine if a strategy should be kept, or considered for removal. The fund score also serves as a way to

determine the strongest managers to be considered (for a given mandate), providing the Investment Research group a starting point from where they can identify and interview the managers from a qualitative point of view, helping to confirm the best ones from both perspectives (quantitative and qualitative). While fund scores dictate on a quarter to quarter basis those managers who are reviewed, regular meetings with managers (who score acceptably) are also scheduled to ensure the team, process, and philosophy has not changed. These meetings also help us stay apprised of the new developments and thinking in the industry concerning retirement plans in general.

If you have any questions about our due diligence process, please be sure to contact Scott Tuxbury or email at stuxbury@newwealthadvisors.net.

Allowable Plan Expenses: Can the Plan Pay?

The payment of expenses by an ERISA plan (401(k), defined benefit plan, money purchase plan, etc.) out of plan assets is subject to ERISA's fiduciary rules. The "exclusive benefit rule" requires a plan's assets be used exclusively for providing benefits. ERISA also imposes upon fiduciaries the duty to defray reasonable expenses of plan administration. General principles of allowable expenses include the following:

- The expenses must be necessary for the administration of the plan.
- The plan's document and trust agreement must permit use of plan assets for payment of expenses.

- The expenses must be reasonable and incurred primarily for the benefit of participants/beneficiaries.
- The expense cannot be the result of a transaction that is a prohibited transaction under ERISA, or it must qualify under an exemption from the prohibited transaction rules.

Ultimately the ability to pay expenses from a plan trust is a facts and circumstances determination that needs to be made by plan fiduciaries. Because it is possible that the DOL may challenge such determinations it is important that fiduciaries consult ERISA counsel prior to paying questionable expenses from a plan trust and document the decision and reasoning. For more information on this topic please contact your Retirement Plan Advisory Practice consultants at New Wealth Advisors..

Timely Transmittal of Employee Contributions

One of the most important fiduciary responsibilities is centered around the timeliness of remitting employee contributions. While the DOL has issued a 7-day Safe Harbor rule for plans with less than 100 participants, no Safe Harbor exists for larger plans. The key wording in the law for fiduciaries to remember is “as soon as administratively feasible” in regards to the timing of sending employee contributions to the respective service provider. Many DOL audits are triggered when late contributions are identified during the annual audit or noted on a plan sponsor’s 5500. We encourage our clients to revisit internal procedures and establish timing standards that are “as soon as administratively feasible.” If you have additional questions or would like to discuss this topic in further detail, please contact your retirement plan consultant .

401(k) Market Intelligence: How Does Your Plan Compare?

Many plans sponsors want to know how their retirement plan stacks up to typical plan. Following is a brief compilation of statistics from a variety of industry sources to help you see how your plan compares.

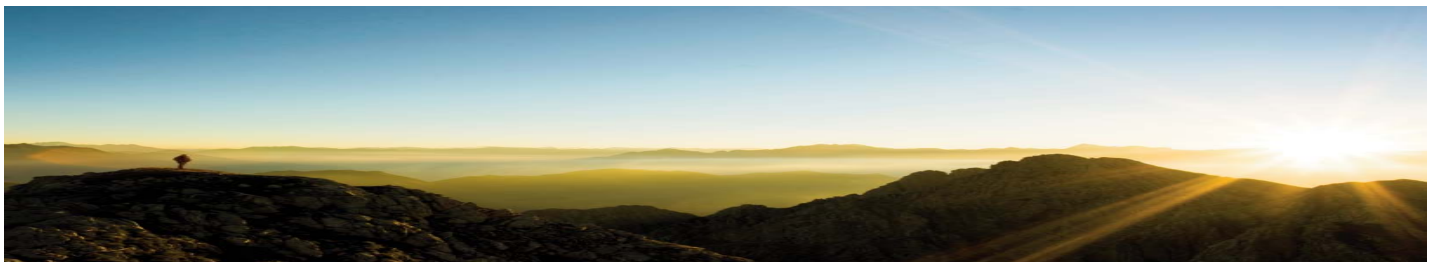
- 60.3% of plans offer immediate eligibility (defined as one month or less of service)
- 39.5% of plans provide immediate vesting for matching contributions

- The most common match formula is \$.50 per \$1.00 up to 6% of pay (51.8% of all plans)
- 38.4% of plans have an automatic enrollment feature
- 72% of plan sponsors use a life-cycle or target date fund (TDF) as the default option [*The target date is the date of expected withdrawals at retirement; the fund is not guaranteed at the target date or any other time. These funds are subject to risk, including the loss of principal.]
- Plans offer an average of 18 funds for both participant and company contributions
- Company contributions average 2.1% of payroll
- 33% of plan sponsors have no investment committee, though it varies heavily by plan size
- 90% of all plans have a written investment policy statement
- 66.7% of companies retain an independent investment advisor to assist with fiduciary responsibilities
- Investment advice is offered in 60.1% of plans; 21.6% of participants used advice when it was offered
- 41.3% of plans allow participants to make Roth after-tax contributions
- Self directed brokerage accounts are offered in 15.5% of plans
- 61% of plans offer a loan provision to participants (and is more commonly associated with large plans)
- Hardship withdrawals are permitted in 85.6% of plans
- 34.2% of plans have a Safe Harbor plan design in lieu of ADP/ACP testing

The retirement plan consultants will be happy to provide you with more information on this topic.

COMMUNICATION CORNER

This month’s sample participant communication memo briefly reviews why it’s never too late to start saving for retirement. Encourage participants to enroll in the plan today, especially if you have open enrollment coming up in July. Email stuxbury@newwealthadvisors.net for a copy you can print and distribute to employees.



About New Wealth Advisors' Retirement Plan Advisory Practice

New Wealth Advisors has an extensive practice that offers a full scope of fee based retirement plan advisory solutions designed to assist plan sponsors in understanding and effectively managing their complex retirement plan, including issues concerning plan investments and strategies to mitigate fiduciary liability. As independent advisors with a thorough knowledge of fiduciary responsibility, New Wealth's main objective is assist plan sponsors and other fiduciaries with the definition, implementation and ongoing monitoring of a clear and prudent process that maximizes plan efficiency, ensures compliance with ERISA's rigorous standards and allows for the delivery of a best-in-class retirement plan for their employees.

This material is intended for informational purposes only and should not be construed as legal advice and is not intended to replace the advice of a qualified attorney, tax adviser, investment professional or insurance agent.

New Wealth Advisors, LLC ("New Wealth Advisors") is an SEC registered investment adviser with its principal place of business in the State of Massachusetts. New Wealth Advisors and its representatives are in compliance with the current notice filing requirements imposed upon registered investment advisers by those states in which New Wealth Advisors maintains clients. New Wealth Advisors may only transact business in those states in which it is notice filed or qualifies for an exemption or exclusion from notice filing requirements. Any subsequent, direct communication by New Wealth Advisors with a prospective client shall be conducted by a representative that is either registered or qualifies for an exemption or exclusion from registration in the state where the prospective client resides.

For information pertaining to the registration status of New Wealth, please contact New Wealth or refer to the Investment Adviser Public Disclosure web site (www.adviserinfo.sec.gov). For additional information about New Wealth, including fees and services, send for our disclosure statement as set forth on Form ADV from New Wealth using the contact information herein. Please read the disclosure statement carefully before you invest or send money.

